

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/223,516	12/30/1998	DENNIS M. O'CONNOR	INTL-0134-US	1486
•	7590 03/09/2007 D & HII DC		EXAM	INER
TROP PRUNER & HU, PC 1616 S. VOSS ROAD, SUITE 750			NGUYEN, HUY THANH	
HOUSTON, T	X 77057-2631		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•	•		2621	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER	Y MODE
2 MO	NTHS	03/09/2007	PAF)FR

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	_	09/223,516	O'CONNOR ET AL.	
Office Acti	on Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		HUY T. NGUYEN	2621	
The MAILING D. Period for Reply	ATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address	
WHICHEVER IS LONG - Extensions of time may be av after SIX (6) MONTHS from ti If NO period for reply is speci Failure to reply within the set	GER, FROM THE MAILING D ailable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. the mailing date of this communication. fied above, the maximum statutory period or extended period for reply will, by statut ce later than three months after the mailing	DATE OF THIS COMMUNION 136(a). In no event, however, may a rewill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONe, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
	ommunication(s) filed on <u>11 L</u>	December 2006		
2a)⊠ This action is FI	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s action is non-final.		•
· <u> </u>	· —		ers, prosecution as to the merits i	is
	ance with the practice under		· ·	
Disposition of Claims	·	•	·	
<u> </u>	9 and 50 is/are pending in th	e application		
	claim(s) is/are withdra	• •		
5)☐ Claim(s) i	· · · ———			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and 49-50 is/are rejected.			
	s/are objected to.	•		
8) Claim(s)	are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.		
Application Papers				•
9)☐ The specification	is objected to by the Examin-	er		
	led on is/are: a) acc		by the Examiner.	
	request that any objection to the	, ,	·	
			(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121	(d).
11) The oath or decla	aration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119			v
12) Acknowledgment	is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
	ne * c)□ None of:			
1. Certified c	opies of the priority documen	ts have been received.		
2. Certified c	opies of the priority documen	ts have been received in A	pplication No	
3. Copies of	the certified copies of the price	ority documents have been	received in this National Stage	
application	from the International Burea	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached	detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies not	received.	
Attachment(s)				
Notice of References Cited Notice of Draftsperson's P	I (PTO-892) atent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Sta Paper No(s)/Mail Date	tement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		nformal Patent Application	

Application/Control Number: 09/223,516

Art Unit: 2621

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 45 and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hibi et al (5,546,191).

Regarding claim 45, Hibi discloses a receiver (Fig. 19) comprising:

- a first device (tuner) to receive a broadcast television program;
- a second device (97) coupled to said first device to detect a characteristic of said program (column 28, lines 1-20);

third device (recorder) to record a portion of said program in response to the detection of said characteristic (column 28, lines 1-200; and

fourth device for concatenating a series of recorded replays (Fig. 16).

Application/Control Number: 09/223,516 Page 3

Art Unit: 2621

Regarding claim 47, Hibi further teaches said receiver is a computer system since the receiver having capacity of detect comparing, controlling and gathering portions of program and program (Fig. 16).

Applicant argues that Hibi does not teaches means for automatically concatenating the relays. In response the examinee disagrees. It is noted that Hibi teaches that the replays are automatically concatenating since the replays are arranged into a list of sequential playback. Hibi teaches the relays are automatically captured and arranged in time sequence as a list, Fig. 16 show a display of recorded replays arranged into a list of a sequential relays for playback in time base to enable a user to select or to automatic sequential playback. Upon the user selects a playback, all the replays will be automatically sequentially played back by the apparatus.

Applicant argues that Hibi does not teaches "automatic sequential playback". In response the examiner disagrees. It is noted that a Fig 16 and column 13 lines 1-17 column 24 lines 50-56) Hibi teaches that the replays (portions of a program) are being represented by small screens, when a screen is selected to playback (reproduced) the recorded replays are start to play back from the picture of the selected small screen and all the recorded replays from the picture of the selected small screen are automatically sequentially played back.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Application/Control Number: 09/223,516

Art Unit: 2621

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 45-46 and 49-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Heo et al. (DE 19737889), (US 2002/0176689 A1 is a family member of. (DE 19737889 and is used as English translation) in view of Lee et al. (6,310,839).

Regarding claim 45, Heo discloses a receiver (US 2002/0176689 A1 (Fig. 2), page 1 section 0021, page 2, sections 0023 –0035) comprising:

a first device (ANT and tuner) to receive a broadcast television program;

a second device (206) coupled to said first device to detect a characteristic of said program (highlight portion); and

third device (recorder) to record a portion of said program in response to the detection of said characteristic.

Heo fails to teach means for concatenating the recorded replay.

Lee teaches a receiver to automatically concatenate a series of recorded replays (Fig. 7).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary sill in the art to modify Heo with

Lee by provide the receiver of Heo with a concatenating means as taught by Lee for
enhancing the capacity of the apparatus of Heo in concatenating the recoded relays.

Applicant argues that Heo as modified with Lee does not teach—the recoded replays are concatenating for automatic sequential playback. In response, the examiner disagrees It is noted that Lee teaches the recorded replays are analyzed and automatically arranged into a list of a sequent—for automatic sequential playback. When the user or viewer selects—the relays for a sequential playback, the relays will be automatically played by the apparatus (Fig. 7, column 3 and 4). Applicant argued that that Lee does not teaches—"automatic sequential playback". In response—the examiner disagrees. It is noted that Lee at Fig.7—teaches—automatic sequential playback since—the highlight number—for recoded replays as shown—on the display are arranged—in a sequential manner and when—the highlight numbers—are selected, the recoded relays correspond to the selected—highlight numbers are automatically played back.

Application/Control Number: 09/223,516

Art Unit: 2621

Regarding claim 46, Heo further teaches the second device to detect a queue encoded with the program (US 2002/0176689 A1, Fig. 4).

Regarding claim 49, Heo further teaches said second device to detect a signal indicating that recording should start and another signal indicating that recording should end (US 2002/0176689 A1, Fig. 6 and 8).

Regarding claim 50, Heo further teaches said first device to receive a signal including a queue to indicate the start of recording by said video recorder (US 2002/0176689 A1, Fig. 4).

5. Claim 45-47 and 49-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nielsen et al (5,778,137) in view of Taira et al (5,636,200).

Regarding claim 45, Nielsen discloses a receiver comprising a first device for receiving a broadcast program; a second device (109)) coupled to said first device to detect a characteristic of said program (highlight portion) (reference level) and

a video recorder (113) to record as a replay a portion of said program in response to the detection of said characteristic (column 1, lines 50-65, column 2, lines 30-36, column 3, lines 1-41, column 4, lines 5-20).

Nielsen further teaches that the receiver can record a plurality of relays (column 2, lines 1-10) but fails to teaches means for concatenating the replays for automatic sequential playback.

Taira teaches a receiver having means for concatenating a series of recorded replays (cells or segments) for automatic sequential playback (column 9 and 10).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary sill in the art to modify Nielsen with Taira by provide the receiver of Nielsen with a concatenating means as taught by Taira for enhancing the capacity of the apparatus of Nielsen in playing back the recorded relays.

Regarding claim 46, Nielsen further teaches the second device to detect a queue encoded with the program (column 3, lines 5-20).

Regarding claim 47, Nielsen further teaches said receiver is a computer system. (column 5, lines 15-21).

Regarding claim 49, Nielsen further teaches said second device to detect a signal indicating that recording should start and another signal indicating that recording should end (Column 3, lines 8-20, column 4, lines 40-50) ..

Regarding claim 50, Nielsen further teaches said first device to receive a signal including a queue to indicate the start of recording by said video recorder (column 3 lines 8-20, column 4, line 40-50).

Response to Arguments

- 6. Applicant's arguments filed 11 December 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HUY T. NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571) 272-7378. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM -6:00PM.

Art Unit: 2621

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Groody can be reached on (571) 272-7950. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

H.N

HUY YAYYEN PRIMAYU EXAMINER